



More Precision

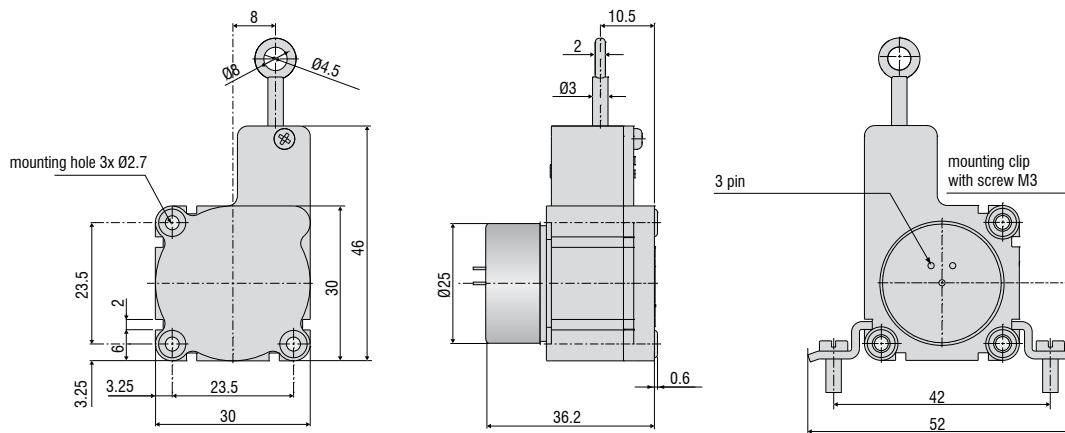
wireSENSOR // Draw-wire displacement sensors



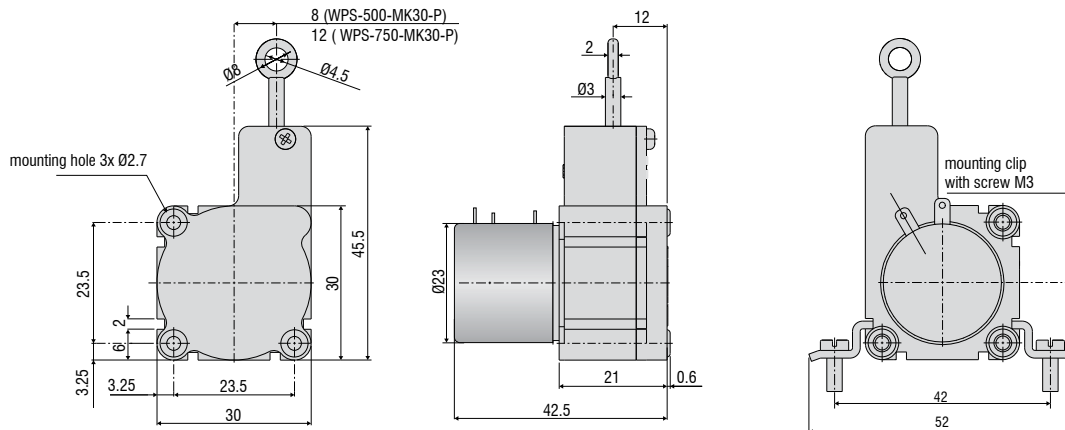


- Robust plastic housing
- Customized versions for OEM
- Conductive plastic/wire/
hybrid potentiometer
- Smallest design in its class

Model MK30-P (Measuring range 50mm)



Model MK30-P (Measuring range 150/250/500/750mm)



Model		WPS-50-MK30	WPS-150-MK30	WPS-250-MK30	WPS-500-MK30	WPS-750-MK30
Output		P				
Measuring range		50mm	150mm	250mm	500mm	750mm
Linearity	conductive plastic pot.	<0.5% FSO	<0.25mm	-	-	-
	wire pot. P25	<0.25% FSO	-	-	<1.25mm	<1.87mm
	hybrid pot. P25	<0.25% FSO	-	<0.375mm	<0.625mm	-
	hybrid pot. P25	<0.1% FSO	-	-	<0.25mm	<0.5mm
Resolution	conductive plastic pot.	quasi infinite				
	wire pot.	-	0.1mm	0.1mm	0.15mm	0.2mm
	hybrid pot.	quasi infinite				
Temperature range		conductive plastic/wire/hybrid potentiometer -20 ... +80°C				
Material	housing	plastic				
	draw wire	coated polyamid stainless steel (ø 0.36mm)				
Wire mounting		eyelet				
Sensor mounting		mounting holes / mounting grooves				
Wire acceleration		appr. 5g				
Wire retraction force (min)		appr. 1N				
Wire extension force (max)		appr. 2.5N				
Protection class		IP 20				
Electrical connection		soldering tag				
Weight		appr 45g				

FSO = Full Scale Output

Specifications for analog outputs on page 51.

Article description

WPS - 50 - MK30 - P25

Output option:
 potentiometer P50 (Linearity <0.5% FSO)
 potentiometer P25 (Linearity <0.25% FSO)
 potentiometer P10 (Linearity <0.1% FSO)

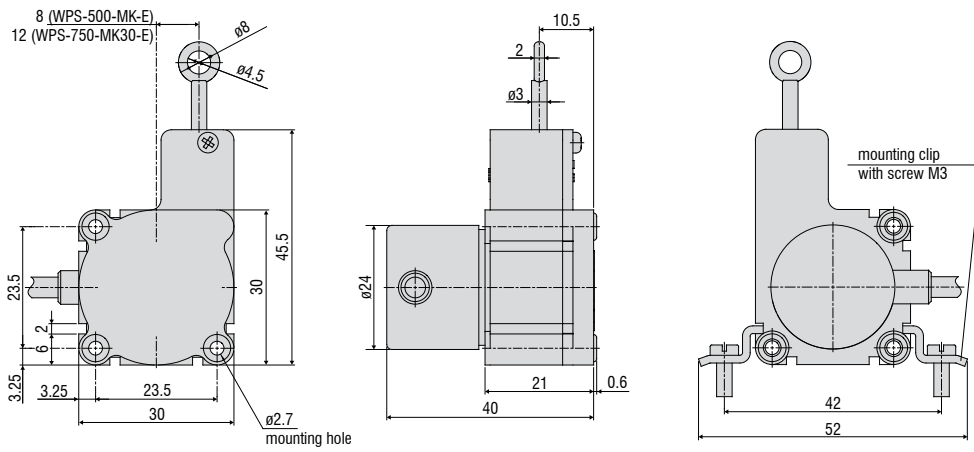
Model MK30

Measuring range in mm



- Robust plastic housing
- Customized versions for OEM
- Smallest design in its class
- Incremental encoder

Model MK30



Model	WPS-500-MK30	WPS-750-MK30
Output	E/E830	E/E830
Measuring range	500mm	750mm
Linearity E	<0.05% FSO	<0.375mm
Resolution	10 pulses/mm	6.7 pulses/mm
	0.1mm	0.15mm
Sensor element	Incremental encoder	
Temperature range	-20 ... +80 °C	
Material	housing	plastic
	draw wire	coated polyamid stainless steel (ø 0.36mm)
Wire mounting	eyelet	
Sensor mounting	mounting holes / mounting grooves	
Wire acceleration	appr. 5g	
Wire retraction force (min)	appr. 1N	
Wire extension force (max)	appr. 2.5N	
Protection class	IP54	
Electrical connection	cable radial, 1m	
Weight	appr. 80g	

FSO = Full Scale Output
Specifications for digital outputs on page 52.

Article description

WPS - 500 - MK30 - E830

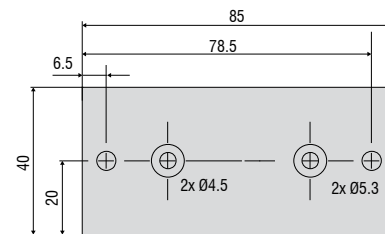
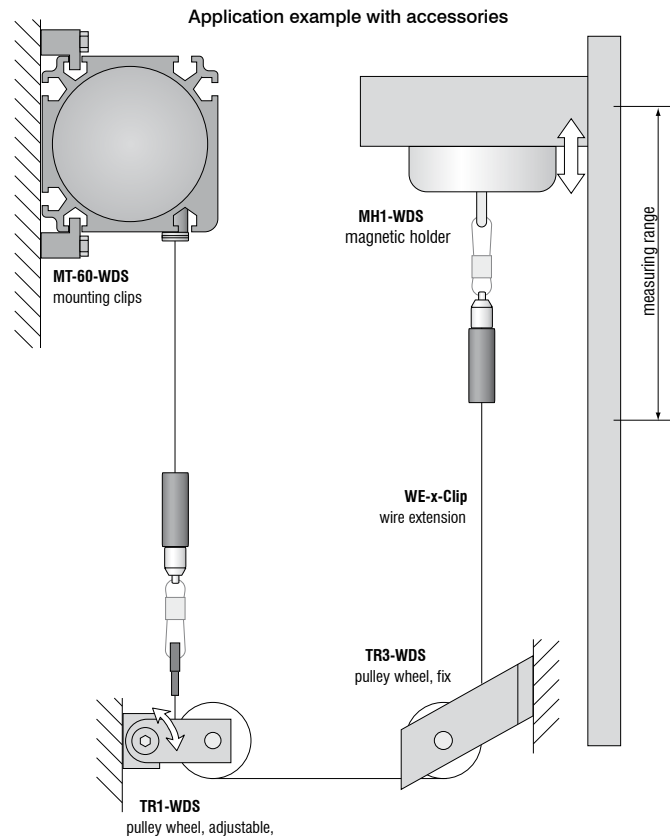
Output option:
encoder E (5 ... 24 VDC)
encoder E830 (8 ... 30 VDC)

Model MK30

Measuring range in mm

Accessories:

WE-xxx-M4	Wire extension with M4-wire connection, x=length
WE-xxx-Clip	Wire extension with eyelet, x=length
TR1-WDS	Pulley wheel, adjustable
TR3-WDS	Pulley wheel, fixed
GK1-WDS	Attachment head for M4
MH1-WDS	Magnetic holder for wire mounting
MH2-WDS	Magnetic holder for sensor mounting
MT-60-WDS	Mounting clamp for WDS-P60
FC8	Female connector for WDS, 8-pin
FC8/90	Female connector 90° for WDS
PC 3/8-WDS	Sensor cable, length 3m
PS 2020	(Power Supply 24 V / 2,5 A, Input 100 - 240 VAC, output 24 VDC / 2.5 A, for snap in mounting on DIN 50022 rail)
WDS-MP60	Mounting plate for P60 sensors



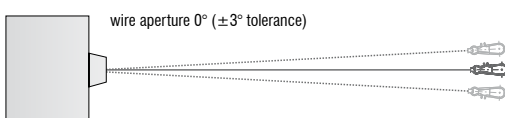
Mounting plate WDS-MP60

Installation information:

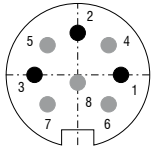
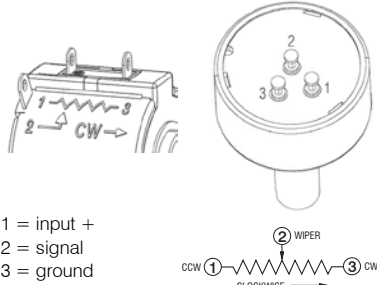
Wire attachment: The free return of the measurement wire is not permissible and it is essential that this is avoided during installation.

Wire exit angle:

When mounting a draw-wire displacement sensor, a straight wire exit ($\pm 3^\circ$ tolerance) must be taken into account. If this tolerance is exceeded, increased material wear on the wire and at the wire aperture must be expected.



Output	Plug M16 -SA / -SR	Integrated cable -CA / -CR	Open contacts
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Potentiometric output (P)				
Supply voltage	max. 32VDC at 1kOhm / 1 Wmax	 <p>sensor side</p> <p>1 = input + 2 = ground 3 = signal</p>	<p>white = input + brown = ground green = signal</p>	 <p>1 = input + 2 = signal 3 = ground</p>
Resistance	1kOhm ± 10% (potentiometer)			
Temperature coefficient	±0.0025% FSO/°C			

Voltage output (U)				
Supply voltage	14 ... 27VDC (non stabilised)	 <p>sensor side</p> <p>1 = supply 2 = ground 3 = signal 4 = ground</p>	<p>white = supply brown = ground green = signal yellow = ground</p>	
Current consumption	max. 30mA			
Output voltage	0 ... 10VDC Option 0 ... 5 / ±5V			
Load impedance	>5kOhm			
Signal noise	0.5mV _{eff}			
Temperature coefficient	±0.005% FSO/°C			
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	EN 61000-6-4 EN 61000-6-2			
Adjustment ranges (if supported by the model)				
Zero	±20% FSO			
Sensitivity	±20%			

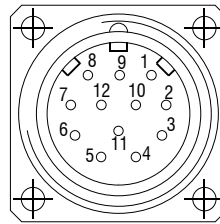
Current Output (I)				
Supply voltage	14 ... 27VDC (non stabilised)	 <p>sensor side</p> <p>1 = supply 2 = ground</p>	<p>white = supply brown = ground</p>	
Current consumption	max. 35mA			
Output current	4 ... 20mA			
Load	<600Ohm			
Signal noise	<1,6 μA _{eff}			
Temperature coefficient	±0.01% FSO/°C			
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	EN 61000-6-4 EN 61000-6-2			
Adjustment range (if supported by the model)				
Zero	±18% FSO			
Sensitivity	±15%			

Contact description

1 UB	Encoder power supply connection
2 GND	Encoder ground connection. The voltage drawn to GND is UB.
3 Pulses +	Positive SSI pulse input. Pulse + forms a current loop with pulse -. A current of approx. 7 mA in direction of pulse + input generates a logical 1 in positive logic.
4 Data +	Positive, serial data output of the differential line driver. A High level at the output corresponds to logical 1 in positive logic.
5 ZERO	Zero setting input for setting a zero point at any desired point within the entire resolution. The zeroing process is triggered by a High pulse (pulse duration ≥ 100 ms) and must take place after the rotating direction selection (UP/DOWN). For maximum interference immunity, the input must be connected to GND after zeroing.
6 Data -	Negative, serial data output of the differential line driver. A High level at the output corresponds to logical 0 in positive logic.
7 Pulses -	Negative SSI pulse input. Pulse - forms a current loop with pulse +. A current of approx. 7 mA in direction of pulse - input generates a logical 0 in positive logic.
8 / 10 DATAVALID DATAVALID MT	Diagnosis outputs \overline{DV} and $\overline{DV MT}$ Jumps in data word, e.g. due to defective LED or photoreceiver, are displayed via the DV output. In addition, the power supply of the multiturn sensor unit is monitored and the DV MT output is set when a specified voltage level is dropped below. Both outputs are Low-active, i.e. are switched through to GND in the case of an error.
9 UP/DOWN	UP/DOWN counting direction input. When not connected, this input is on High. UP/ DOWN-High means increasing output data with a clockwise shaft rotating direction when looking at the flange. UP/ DOWN-Low means increasing values with a counter-clockwise shaft rotating direction when looking at the flange.
11 / 12	Not in use

Pin assignment

Pin	Cable color	Assignment
1	brown	UB
2	black	GND
3	blue	Pulses +
4	beige	Data +
5	green	ZERO
6	yellow	Data -
7	violet	Pulses -
8	brown/yellow	$\overline{DATAVALID}$
9	pink	UP/ DOWN
10	black/yellow	$\overline{DATAVALID MT}$
11	-	-
12	-	-



Please use leads twisted in pairs for extension cables.

Inputs

Control signals UP/DOWN and Zero	
Level High	> 0.7 UB
Level Low	< 0.3 UB
Connection:	UP/DOWN input with 10kohms to UB, zeroing input with 10kohms to GND.
SSI pulse	
Optocoupler inputs for electrical isolation	

Outputs

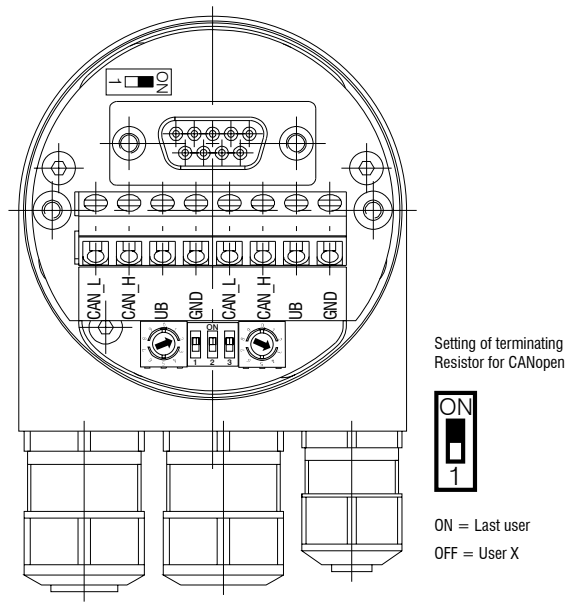
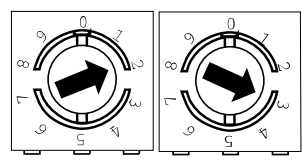
SSI data	RS485 driver	
Diagnostic outputs		
Push-pull outputs are short-circuit-proof		
Level High	> UB -3.5V	(with I = -20mA)
Level Low	$\leq 0.5V$	(with I = 20mA)

CANopen features	
Bus protocol	CANopen
Device profile	CANopen - CiA DSP 406, V 3.0
CANopen Features	Device Class 2, CAN 2.0B
Operating modes (with SDO progr.)	<p>Polling Mode (asynch, via SDO)</p> <p>Cyclic Mode (asynch-cyclic) The encoder cyclically sends the current process actual value without a request by a master. The cycle time can be parameterized for values between 1 and 65535 ms.</p> <p>Synch Mode (synch-cyclic) The encoder sends the current actual process value after receiving a synch telegram sent by a master. The synch counter in the encoder can be parameterized so that the position value is not sent until after a defined number of synch telegrams.</p> <p>Acyclic Mode (synch-acyclic)</p>
Preset value	With the "Preset" parameter the encoder can be set to a desired actual process value that corresponds to the defined axis position of the system. The offset value between the encoder zero point and the mechanical zero point of the system is saved in the encoder.
Rotating direction	With the operating parameter the rotating direction in which the output code is to increase or decrease can be parameterized. Scaling The steps per revolution and the total revolution can be parameterized.
Scaling	The steps per revolution and the total revolution can be parameterized.
Diagnose	The encoder supports the following error messages: - Position and parameter error - Lithium cell voltage at lower limit (Multiturn)
Default setting	50kbit/s, node number 1

Baud rate	Setting Dip Switch		
	1	2	3
10kBit/s	OFF	OFF	OFF
20kBit/s	OFF	OFF	ON
50kBit/s	OFF	ON	OFF
125kBit/s	OFF	ON	ON
250kBit/s	ON	OFF	OFF
500kBit/s	ON	OFF	ON
800kBit/s	ON	ON	OFF
1MBit/s	ON	ON	ON

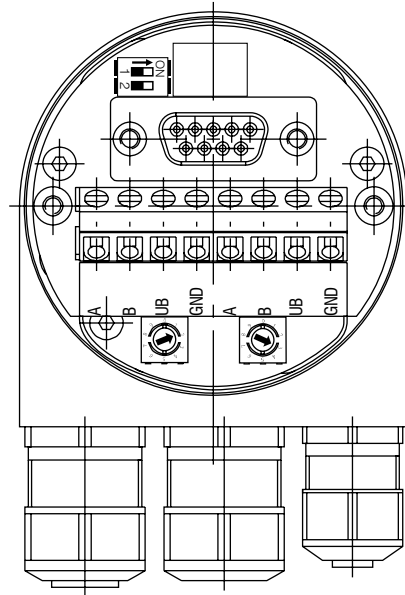
Contact description CANopen	
CAN_L	CAN Bus Signal (dominant Low)
CAN_H	CAN Bus Signal (dominant High)
UB	Supply voltage 10...30VDC
GND	Ground contact for UB
(Terminals with the same designation are internally interconnected)	

Settings of user address for CANopen
 Address can be set with rotary switch. Example: User address 23

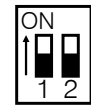


Profibus-DP features

Bus protocol	Profibus-DP
Profibus features	Device Class 1 and 2
Data exch. functions	Input: Position value Additional parameterized speed signal (readout of the current rotary speed) Output: Preset value
Preset value	With the "Preset" parameter the encoder can be set to a desired actual value that corresponds to the defined axis position of the system.
Parameter functions	Rotating direction: With the operating parameter the rotating direction for which the output code is to increase or decrease can be parameterized.
Diagnose	The encoder supports the following error messages: - Position error - Lithium cell voltage at lower limit (Multiturn)
Default setting	User address 00



Settings of terminating resistors for Profibus-DP



ON = last user
OFF = user X

Settings of user address for Profibus-DP

Settings of user address for Profibus-DP



Contact description Profibus-DP

A Negative serial data line

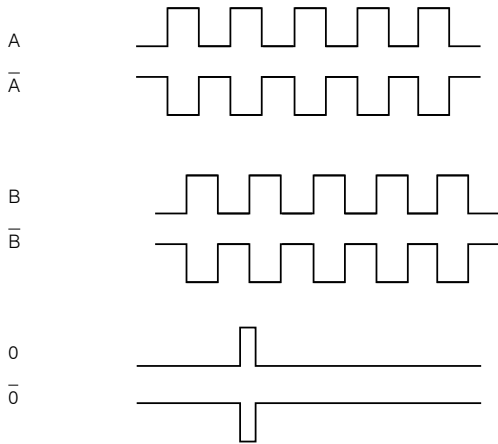
B Positive serial data line

UB Supply voltage 10...30VDC

GND Ground contact for UB

(Terminals with the same designation are internally interconnected)

Signal output



Output TTL	Linedriver (5 VDC)	
Level High	$\geq 2.5V$	(with I = -20mA)
Pegel Low	$\leq 0.5V$	(with I = 20mA)
Load High	$\leq 20mA$	
Output	A, \bar{A} , B, \bar{B} , 0	

Output TTL01	NPN (5 VDC $\pm 5\%$)	
Level High	$\geq UB - 0.2V$	
Level Low	0.55 - 0.75V	
Load High	$\leq 1.85mA$	
Output	A, B, 0	

Output TTL02	Linedriver (5 VDC $\pm 5\%$)	
Level High	$\geq 2.0V$	(with I = -40mA)
Level Low	$\leq 0.5V$	(with I = 40mA)
Load High	$\leq 40mA$	
Output	A, \bar{A} , B, \bar{B} , 0	

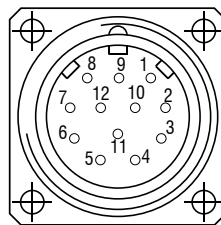
Output HTL	Push-pull (10 ... 30 VDC)	
Level High	$\geq UB - 3V$	(with I = -20mA)
Level Low	$\leq 1.5V$	(with I = 20mA)
Load High	$\leq 40mA$	
Output	A, \bar{A} , B, \bar{B} , 0	

Output E	Push-pull ((5 VDC)	
Level High	$\geq UB - 2.5V$	
Level Low	$\leq 0.5V$	
Load High	$\leq 50mA$	
Output	A, B, 0	

Output E830	Push-pull ((8 ... 30 VDC)	
Level High	$\geq UB - 3V$	
Level Low	$\leq 2.5V$	
Load High	$\leq 50mA$	
Output	A, B, 0	

Pin assignment TTL, HTL

Pin	Cable color	Assignment
Pin 1	pink	B inv.
Pin 2	blue	UB Sense
Pin 3	red	N (zero impulse)
Pin 4	black	N inv. (zero impulse inv.)
Pin 5	brown	A
Pin 6	green	A inv.
Pin 7	-	-
Pin 8	grey	B
Pin 9	-	-
Pin 10	white/green	GND
Pin 11	white	GND Sense
Pin 12	brown/green	UB



Pin 2 and Pin 12 are internally connected as well as Pin 11 and 10. For cable length >10m twisted pair wires are required.

Connection assignment E, E830

Cable color	Assignment
white	0V
brown	+UB
green	A
-	\bar{A}
yellow	B
-	\bar{B}
grey	0

Connection assignment TTL01

Cable color	Assignment
brown	0V
grey	+UB
white	A
green	B
yellow	0

Connection assignment TTL02

Cable color	Assignment
red	+UB
black	0V
brown	A
black	\bar{A}
orange	B
black	\bar{B}
yellow	0
black	n.c.

High performance sensors made by Micro-Epsilon



Sensors and systems for displacement and position



Sensors and measurement devices for non-contact temperature measurement



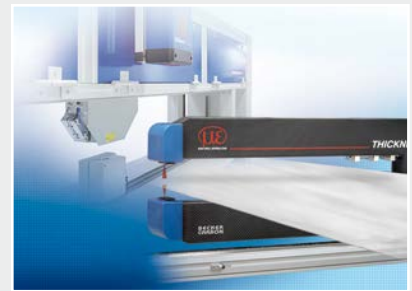
2D/3D profile sensors (laser scanner)



Optical micrometers, fibre optic sensors and fibre optics



Color recognition sensors, LED analyzers and color inline spectrometer



Measurement and inspection systems